

What is the equivalent of `runif()` in Python?

Authored by
stats writer

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The equivalent of the "runif()" function in Python is the "random.uniform()" method. This method generates a random floating-point number between a given range. It can also be used to create a list of random numbers within a specified range. The "random.uniform()" method is part of the "random" module in Python and can be used for various statistical and scientific applications. It follows a similar syntax as the "runif()" function in other programming languages.

Use the Equivalent of runif() in Python

In the R programming language, we can use the runif() function to generate a vector of random values that follow a with a specific minimum and maximum value.

For example, the following code shows how to use runif() to create a vector of 8 random values that follow a uniform distribution with a minimum value of 5 and maximum value of 10:

```
#make this example reproducible  
set.seed(1)
```

```
#generate vector of 8 values that follow uniform  
distribution with min=5 and max=10  
runif(n=8, min=5, max=10)
```

```
6.327543 6.860619 7.864267 9.541039 6.008410 9.491948  
9.723376 8.303989
```

The equivalent of the runif() function in Python is the np.random.uniform() function, which uses the following basic syntax:

```
np.random.uniform(low=0, high=1, size=None)
```

where:

low: Minimum value of the distribution

high: Maximum value of the distribution

size: Sample size

The following example shows how to use this function in practice.

Example: Using the Equivalent of runif() in Python

The following code shows how to use the np.random.uniform() function to generate an array of random values that follow a uniform distribution with a specific minimum and maximum value:

```
import numpy as np
```

```
#make this example reproducible
```

```
np.random.seed(1)
```

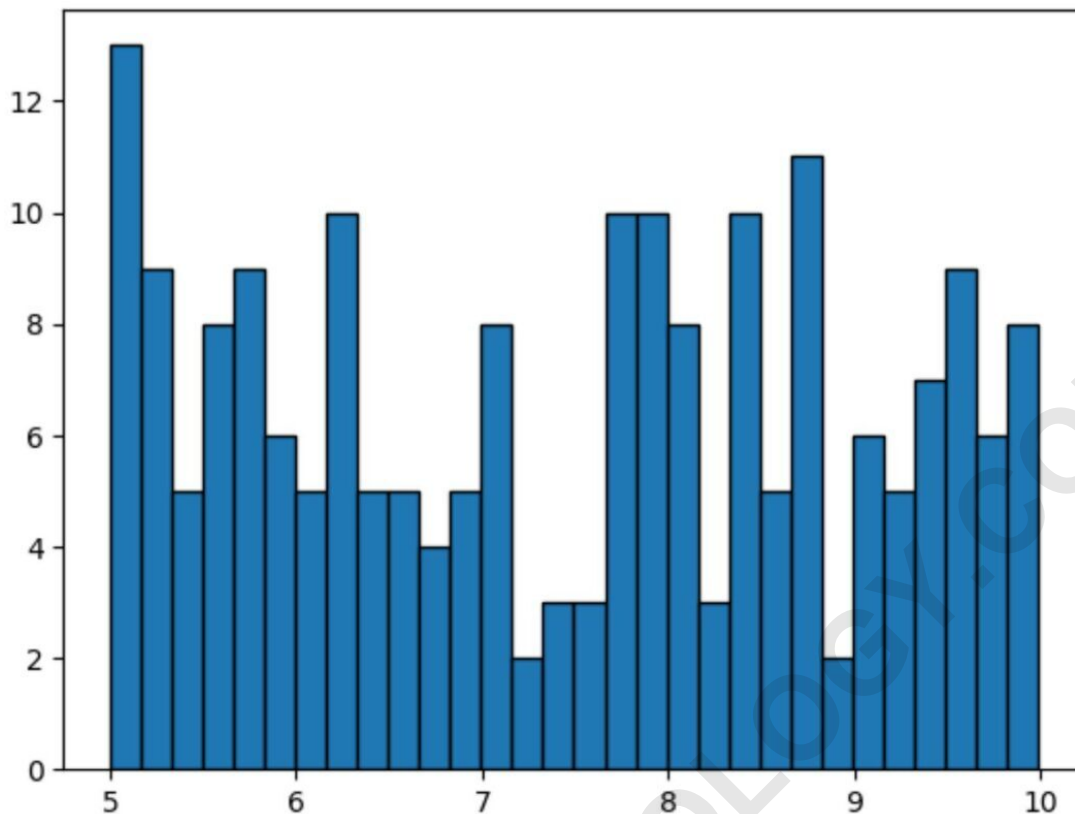
```
#generate array of 8 values that follow uniform
```

```
distribution with min=5 and max=10  
np.random.uniform(low=5, high=10, size=8)  
  
array()
```

The result is a NumPy array that contains 8 values generated from a uniform distribution with a minimum value of 5 and maximum value of 10.

You can also create a histogram using Matplotlib to visualize a normal distribution generated by the np.random.uniform() function:

```
import numpy as np  
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
  
#make this example reproducible  
np.random.seed(1)  
  
#generate array of 200 values that follow uniform  
distribution with min=5 and max=10  
data = np.random.uniform(low=5, high=10, size=200)  
  
#create histogram to visualize distribution of values  
plt.hist(data, bins=30, edgecolor='black')
```



The x-axis shows the values from the distribution and the y-axis shows the frequency of each value.

Notice that the x-axis ranges from 5 to 10 since these were the minimum and maximum values that we specified for the distribution.

The following tutorials explain how to perform other common operations in pandas: