

How to Easily Create a Pandas DataFrame with Random Data

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Creating a Pandas DataFrame with random data is an easy and efficient way to create a dataset for data analysis. You can use the `np.random` module to generate random data, and then use the `DataFrame` class to create a `DataFrame` object from the generated data. The `DataFrame` object can then be used for further operations and analysis. After the `DataFrame` is created, you can also add additional columns and rows as needed. Additionally, you can set the index of the `DataFrame` for easy access to the data.

You can use the following basic syntax to create a pandas `DataFrame` that is filled with random integers:

```
df = pd.DataFrame(np.random.randint(0,100,size=(10, 3)), columns=list('ABC'))
```

This particular example creates a `DataFrame` with **10** rows and **3** columns where each value in the `DataFrame` is a random integer between **0** and **100**.

The following examples shows how to use this syntax in practice.

Example 1: Create Pandas DataFrame with Random Data

The following code shows how to create a pandas `DataFrame` with 10 rows and 3 columns where each value in the `DataFrame` is a random integer between 0 and 100:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

#create DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(np.random.randint(0,100,size=(10, 3)), columns=list('ABC'))
```

```
#view DataFrame
print(df)
```

```
A B C
0 72 70 27
1 87 85 7
2 4 42 84
3 85 87 63
4 79 72 30
5 96 99 79
6 26 47 90
7 35 69 56
8 42 47 0
```

9 97 4 59

Note that each time you run this code, the random integers in the DataFrame will be different.

If you'd like to create a reproducible example where the random integers are the same each time, you can use the following piece of code immediately before you create the DataFrame:

```
np.random.seed(0)
```

Now each time you run the code, the random integers in the DataFrame will be the same.

Example 2: Add Column of Random Data to Existing DataFrame

Suppose we have the following existing pandas DataFrame:

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
#create DataFrame
```

```
df = pd.DataFrame({'team': ,  
'points': ,  
'assists': ,  
'rebounds': })
```

```
#view DataFrame
```

```
print(df)
```

```
team points assists rebounds
```

```
0 A 18 5 11
```

```
1 B 22 7 8
```

```
2 C 19 7 10
```

```
3 D 14 9 6
```

```
4 E 14 12 6
```

```
5 F 11 9 5
```

```
6 G 20 9 9
```

```
7 H 28 4 12
```

We can use the following code to add a new column called "rand" that contains random integers between 0 and 100:

```
import numpy as np
```

```
#add 'rand' column that contains 8 random integers between 0 and 100  
df = np.random.randint(0,100,size=(8, 1))
```

```
#view updated DataFrame  
print(df)
```

```
team points assists rebounds rand
```

```
0 A 18 5 11 47
```

```
1 B 22 7 8 64
```

```
2 C 19 7 10 82
```

```
3 D 14 9 6 99
```

```
4 E 14 12 6 88
```

```
5 F 11 9 5 49
```

```
6 G 20 9 9 29
```

```
7 H 28 4 12 19
```

Notice that the new column "rand" has been added to the existing DataFrame.