

How to calculate Standard Deviation of Rows in R

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Standard Deviation of Rows in R can be calculated using the `rowSds()` function within the 'matrixStats' package. This function takes a matrix as its argument and returns the standard deviation of each row as a vector. The standard deviation is calculated using the formula: $SD = \sqrt{(\sum((x - \text{mean})^2) / (n - 1))}$, where x is each value in the row, mean is the mean of the row, and n is the number of values in the row.

You can use the following basic syntax to calculate the standard deviation of rows in R:

```
row_stdev <- apply(df, 1, sd, na.rm=TRUE)
```

The following example shows how to use this syntax in R.

Example: Calculate Standard Deviation of Rows in R

Suppose we have the following data frame in R:

```
#create data frame  
df <- data.frame(game1=c(12, 15, 15, 18, 29, 30, 31),  
game2=c(15, 17, 17, 16, 29, 8, 14),  
game3=c(8, 22, 27, 35, 29, 22, 17))
```

```
#view data frame  
df
```

```
game1 game2 game3  
1 12 15 8  
2 15 17 22  
3 15 17 27  
4 18 16 35  
5 29 29 29  
6 30 8 22  
7 31 14 17
```

We can use the following syntax to calculate the standard deviation of the values in each row:

```
#calculate standard deviation of each row  
row_stdev <- apply(df, 1, sd, na.rm=TRUE)
```

```
#view standard deviation of each row  
row_stdev
```

3.511885 3.605551 6.429101 10.440307 0.000000 11.135529 9.073772

From the output we can see:

The standard deviation of values in the first row is **3.511885**.

The standard deviation of values in the second row is **3.605551**.

The standard deviation of values in the third row is **6.429101**.

And so on.

If we'd like, we can also use the function to add a new column to the data frame that shows the standard deviation of values in each row:

```
#add column that displays standard deviation of each row  
df <- transform(df, row_stdev=apply(df, 1, sd, na.rm=TRUE))
```

```
#view updated data frame  
df
```

```
game1 game2 game3 row_stdev  
1 12 15 8 3.511885  
2 15 17 22 3.605551  
3 15 17 27 6.429101  
4 18 16 35 10.440307  
5 29 29 29 0.000000  
6 30 8 22 11.135529  
7 31 14 17 9.073772
```

The new column called **row_stdev** displays the standard deviation of values in each row.

Note: The standard deviation of values in row 5 is equal to zero because each of the values is the same, thus there is no "deviation" at all in the values.