

How do I use the Count Unique IF function in Google Sheets?

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June 26, 2024

RECOMMENDED CITATION

stats writer (2024). *How do I use the Count Unique IF function in Google Sheets?*. PSYCHOLOGICAL SCALES. Retrieved from <https://scales.arabpsychology.com/?p=153568>

The Count Unique IF function in Google Sheets is a powerful tool that allows users to easily count the number of unique values in a selected range based on a specified condition. This function is particularly useful for analyzing large sets of data and identifying distinct values that meet a specific criteria. To use the Count Unique IF function, simply input the range of cells to be evaluated and the condition to be met, and the function will return the total number of unique values that match the given criteria. This feature is especially helpful for organizing and summarizing data in a clear and efficient manner.

Use Count Unique IF Function in Google Sheets

You can use the following methods to count unique values based on criteria in Google Sheets:

Method 1: Count Unique Values Based on One Criteria

=COUNTUNIQUEIFS(A2:A10,C2:C10,">30")

This particular formula counts the number of unique values in the range A2:A10 where the corresponding value in the range C2:C10 is greater than 30.

Method 2: Count Unique Values Based on Multiple Criteria

=COUNTUNIQUEIFS(A2:A10, B2:B10, "Forward", C2:C10, "<20")

This particular formula counts the number of unique

values in the range A2:A10 where the corresponding value in the range B2:B10 is equal to "Forward" and the value in the range C2:C10 is less than 20.

The following examples shows how to use each method in practice with the following dataset in Google Sheets:

	A	B	C	D
1	Team	Position	Points	
2	Mavs	Guard	25	
3	Mavs	Guard	31	
4	Mavs	Forward	19	
5	Spurs	Forward	25	
6	Spurs	Guard	39	
7	Spurs	Guard	34	
8	Rockets	Forward	13	
9	Rockets	Guard	18	
10	Rockets	Forward	29	
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
17				
18				
19				
20				

Example 1: Count Unique Values Based on One Criteria

We can use the following formula to count the unique values in the Team column only where the

corresponding values in the Points column is greater than 30:

=COUNTUNIQUEIFS(A2:A10,C2:C10,">30")

The following screenshot shows how to use this formula in practice:

	A	B	C	D
1	Team	Position	Points	
2	Mavs	Guard	25	
3	Mavs	Guard	31	
4	Mavs	Forward	19	
5	Spurs	Forward	25	
6	Spurs	Guard	39	
7	Spurs	Guard	34	
8	Rockets	Forward	13	
9	Rockets	Guard	18	
10	Rockets	Forward	29	
11				
12	Count Unique Teams where Points>30			
13				2
14				
15				
16				
17				
18				
19				
20				
21				

The output tells us that there are only 2 unique values

in the Team column where the corresponding value in the Points column is greater than 30.

If we look at the original dataset we can see that there are 3 rows where the value in the Points column is greater than 30, but there are only two unique team names among those 3 rows: Mavs and Spurs.

This is why the COUNTUNIQUEIFS formula returns a value of 2.

Example 2: Count Unique Values Based on Multiple Criteria

We can use the following formula to count the unique values in the Team column only where the corresponding values in the Position column is "Forward" and the value in the Points column is less than 20:

```
=COUNTUNIQUEIFS(A2:A10, B2:B10, "Forward", C2:C10, "<20")
```

The following screenshot shows how to use this formula in practice:

	A	B	C	D	E
1	Team	Position	Points		
2	Mavs	Guard	25		
3	Mavs	Guard	31		
4	Mavs	Forward	19		
5	Spurs	Forward	25		
6	Spurs	Guard	39		
7	Spurs	Guard	34		
8	Rockets	Forward	13		
9	Rockets	Guard	18		
10	Rockets	Forward	29		
11					
12	Count Unique Teams where Position="Forward" and Points<20				
13	2				
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					

The output tells us that there are only 2 unique values in the Team column where the corresponding value in the Position column is "Forward" and the value in the Points column is less than 20.