

# How do I select a random sample in Google Sheets?

Authored by  
**stats writer**

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## RECOMMENDED CITATION

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PSYCHOLOGICAL SCALES. Retrieved from <https://scales.arabpsychology.com/?p=144147>

To select a random sample in Google Sheets, first open your spreadsheet and highlight the column or row that contains the data you want to sample. Then, go to the "Data" tab and click on "Randomize Range." This will automatically select a random sample of the data in the highlighted column or row. You can also specify the number of samples you want to select by clicking on "Options" and entering the desired number. This feature is useful for creating unbiased and representative samples for data analysis and research purposes.

## Select a Random Sample in Google Sheets

Often you may want to select a random sample from a dataset in Google Sheets. Fortunately this is easy to do using the RAND() function, which generates a random number between 0 and 1.

The following step-by-step example shows how to use this function to select a random sample in Google Sheets.

### Step 1: Create a Dataset

First, we'll enter the values of a dataset into a single column:

	A	B	C	D	E
1	<b>Raw Data</b>				
2	5				
3	6				
4	6				
5	8				
6	10				
7	12				
8	13				
9	13				
10	14				
11	15				
12	17				
13	20				
14	21				
15	22				
16	27				
17					
18					
19					

### Step 2: Create a List of Random Values

Next, type `=RAND()` into cell B2. This creates a random value between 0 and 1.

Copy and paste this formula into every remaining cell in column B:

	A	B	C	D	E
1	<b>Raw Data</b>	<b>Random Number</b>			
2	5	0.09745187759			
3	6	0.6076916209			
4	6	0.5261692792			
5	8	0.4387673992			
6	10	0.6933042649			
7	12	0.6958931911			
8	13	0.9804370318			
9	13	0.3575659463			
10	14	0.2300584962			
11	15	0.6583574369			
12	17	0.7148310576			
13	20	0.1904448262			
14	21	0.9721330673			
15	22	0.8297472637			
16	27	0.8078631107			
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					

### Step 3: Copy & Paste the Random Values

Next, highlight the values in column B and click **Ctrl + C**. This will copy all of the values. Next, right click on cell **C2** and choose **Paste special > Paste values only**.

**Note that the values in column B may change once you do this, but don't worry about this.**

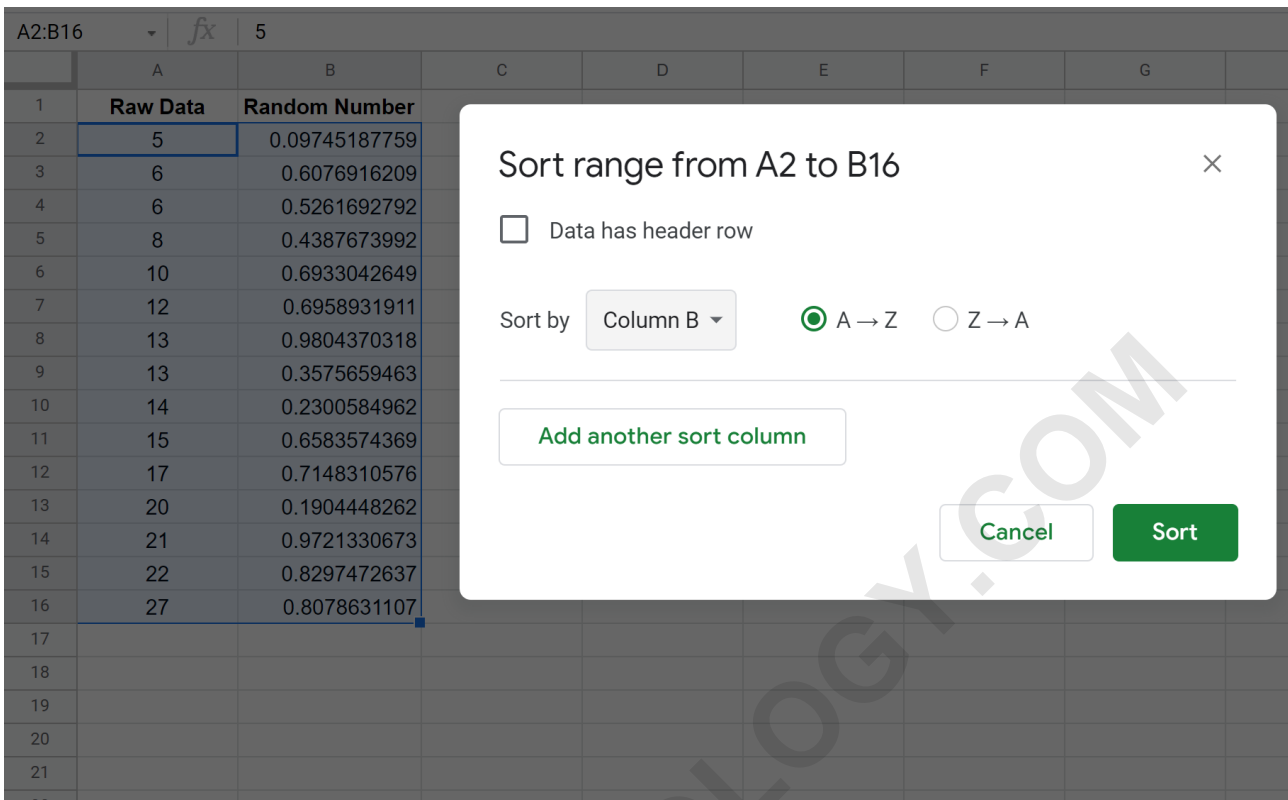
	A	B	C	D	E
1	<b>Raw Data</b>	<b>Random Number</b>			
2	5	0.5565240853	0.09745187759		
3	6	0.07579988487	0.6076916209		
4	6	0.6808403835	0.5261692792		
5	8	0.9249396857	0.4387673992		
6	10	0.4131714107	0.6933042649		
7	12	0.9672858855	0.6958931911		
8	13	0.3586177816	0.9804370318		
9	13	0.4785418919	0.3575659463		
10	14	0.6651376263	0.2300584962		
11	15	0.6641707109	0.6583574369		
12	17	0.2221696466	0.7148310576		
13	20	0.5734229424	0.1904448262		
14	21	0.863426505	0.9721330673		
15	22	0.971635555	0.8297472637		
16	27	0.9551285087	0.8078631107		
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					

**Lastly, highlight the values in column C and drag them to replace the values in column B.**

B2		<i>fx</i>	0.0974518775946126			
	A	B	C	D	E	
1	<b>Raw Data</b>	<b>Random Number</b>				
2	5	0.09745187759				
3	6	0.6076916209				
4	6	0.5261692792				
5	8	0.4387673992				
6	10	0.6933042649				
7	12	0.6958931911				
8	13	0.9804370318				
9	13	0.3575659463				
10	14	0.2300584962				
11	15	0.6583574369				
12	17	0.7148310576				
13	20	0.1904448262				
14	21	0.9721330673				
15	22	0.8297472637				
16	27	0.8078631107				
17						
18						
19						
20						

#### Step 4: Sort by the Random Values

**Next, highlight cells A2:B16. Then click the Data tab along the top ribbon, then click Sort range.**



The screenshot shows a Google Sheets spreadsheet with a data table and a 'Sort range' dialog box. The data table has two columns: 'Raw Data' and 'Random Number'. The 'Sort range' dialog box is open, showing the range 'A2 to B16'. The 'Data has header row' checkbox is unchecked. The 'Sort by' dropdown is set to 'Column B'. The 'Sort order' is set to 'A → Z' (ascending).

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
1	<b>Raw Data</b>	<b>Random Number</b>					
2	5	0.09745187759					
3	6	0.6076916209					
4	6	0.5261692792					
5	8	0.4387673992					
6	10	0.6933042649					
7	12	0.6958931911					
8	13	0.9804370318					
9	13	0.3575659463					
10	14	0.2300584962					
11	15	0.6583574369					
12	17	0.7148310576					
13	20	0.1904448262					
14	21	0.9721330673					
15	22	0.8297472637					
16	27	0.8078631107					
17							
18							
19							
20							
21							
22							

**Sort range from A2 to B16**

Data has header row

Sort by: Column B

A → Z  Z → A

[Add another sort column](#)

[Cancel](#) [Sort](#)

**The values will be sorted based on the random number, from smallest to largest:**

A2:B16    *fx*    5

	A	B	C	D	E
1	<b>Raw Data</b>	<b>Random Number</b>			
2	5	0.09745187759			
3	20	0.1904448262			
4	14	0.2300584962			
5	13	0.3575659463			
6	8	0.4387673992			
7	6	0.5261692792			
8	6	0.6076916209			
9	15	0.6583574369			
10	10	0.6933042649			
11	12	0.6958931911			
12	17	0.7148310576			
13	27	0.8078631107			
14	22	0.8297472637			
15	21	0.9721330673			
16	13	0.9804370318			
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					

### Step 5: Select the Random Sample

Lastly, choose the first  $n$  rows to be in your random sample. For example, if you want a random sample of size 5, then choose the first 5 raw data values to be included in your sample.

	A	B	C	D	E
1	<b>Raw Data</b>	<b>Random Number</b>			
2	5	0.09745187759			
3	20	0.1904448262			
4	14	0.2300584962			
5	13	0.3575659463			
6	8	0.4387673992			
7	6	0.5261692792			
8	6	0.6076916209			
9	15	0.6583574369			
10	10	0.6933042649			
11	12	0.6958931911			
12	17	0.7148310576			
13	27	0.8078631107			
14	22	0.8297472637			
15	21	0.9721330673			
16	13	0.9804370318			
17					
18					
19					
20					

**In this example, our random sample would include the first 5 values: 5, 20, 14, 13, 8.**

**The following tutorials explain how to select a random sample from a dataset using other statistical software:**