

How can I use the REPLACEB function in Google Sheets?

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The REPLACEB function in Google Sheets allows users to replace a specific number of characters in a cell with new text. This function is useful for making changes to existing data without having to manually delete and re-enter information. By specifying the starting position, number of characters to replace, and the new text, users can easily modify their data in a precise and efficient manner. This function is particularly beneficial for managing large datasets and can be used in various scenarios such as updating product codes or correcting typos in a spreadsheet.

REPLACEB function

The REPLACEB function replaces part of a text string, based on a number of bytes, with a different text string.

Parts of a REPLACEB function

```
REPLACEB(text, position, num_bytes, new_text)
```

Part	Description
text	The text, a part of which will be replaced.
position	The position where the replacement will begin (starting from 1).
num_bytes	The number of bytes in the text to be replaced.
new_text	The text which will be inserted into the original text.

Notes

REPLACEB returns the same value as REPLACE if the input `text` has only single byte characters. This function returns text as the output. If a number is desired, try using the VALUE function in conjunction with this function.

Examples

	A	B	C
1	Input	Formula	Output
2	Aeñds	=REPLACEB(A2, 2, 3, "new")	Anews
3	Aeñds	=REPLACE(A3, 2, 3, "new")	Anews
4	??=??	=REPLACEB(A4, 2, 3, "new")	?new??
5	??=??	=REPLACE(A5, 2, 3, "new")	?new?

Related functions

LENB: The LENB function returns the length of a string in bytes.

LEFTB: The LEFTB function returns the left portion of a string up to a certain number of bytes.

RIGHTB: The RIGHTB function returns the right portion of a string up to a certain number of bytes.

MIDB: The MIDB function returns a section of a string starting at a given character and up to a specified number of bytes.

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