

How to Hide the Total Row in Power BI Tables

Authored by
mohammed loot

January 12, 2026

RECOMMENDED CITATION

mohammed loot (2026). *How to Hide the Total Row in Power BI Tables*. PSYCHOLOGICAL SCALES. Retrieved from <https://scales.arabpsychology.com/?p=125748>

The Necessity of Customizing Visuals in Power BI

Power BI, Microsoft's leading business analytics service, is a robust platform designed to transform raw data into insightful, interactive reports. While the default settings often provide immediate utility, true mastery of report design requires the ability to meticulously customize every element, ensuring that the visual presentation aligns perfectly with the intended analytical narrative. One of the most frequently encountered requirements when dealing with standard tabular data displays is the removal or modification of the automatically generated "Total" row. This row, while useful for summarizing aggregate measures, can sometimes introduce redundancy, clutter, or even misinterpretation, particularly when the underlying data logic is complex or when the table is integrated into a dense dashboard design where space efficiency is paramount. Understanding how to precisely control this specific visual element is fundamental to creating professional and streamlined Power BI reports.

The automatic inclusion of the Total row is a feature rooted in the principles of quick data summarization, intended to immediately provide context regarding the overall magnitude of the displayed metrics. However, in many specialized reporting contexts--such as when calculating weighted averages, displaying non-additive measures, or focusing solely on granular, row-level detail--the sum of the individual rows (the "Total") becomes irrelevant or misleading. Furthermore, if the table visual is merely one component of a larger analytical framework where totals are handled by separate cards or specific DAX measures, the redundant Total row should be eliminated. Efficient report development demands that every visual element serves a clear, specific purpose; unnecessary totals disrupt the visual hierarchy and detract from the core data message.

This detailed guide serves as a comprehensive resource for Power BI developers seeking to achieve pixel-perfect control over their visual elements. We will explore the exact procedural steps necessary to swiftly and cleanly eliminate the default Total row from a standard table visual. We will begin by reviewing the context of the data and the default visualization settings before diving into the specific options available within the Format pane--the central hub for fine-tuning visual appearance. By mastering this simple, yet crucial, formatting technique, report creators can significantly enhance the clarity, precision, and overall professional aesthetic of their data visualizations, ensuring the audience focuses exclusively on the critical data points presented within the table structure.

Initial Steps: Navigating the Power BI Interface and Data Model

Before we delve into the customization of the visual itself, it is essential to establish a clear understanding of the environment. The process of modifying visual elements, such as removing the Total row, is performed within the Report View of the Power BI Desktop application. This view is where report pages are constructed, allowing developers to drag and drop visuals, configure

filters, and apply comprehensive formatting rules. Accessing the Report View is achieved by clicking the corresponding icon--typically represented by a chart or spreadsheet symbol--located on the left-hand navigation panel of the Power BI interface. This action switches the focus from the Data View or Model View to the interactive canvas where visualization construction takes place.

The core functionality we leverage for this customization resides within the dedicated formatting options accessible when a visual is selected. When a table is active on the canvas, two primary configuration panes become available on the right side of the screen: the Data pane (where fields are added) and the Visualizations pane, which houses the 'Format your visual' settings. It is imperative to distinguish between the two major formatting sections presented here: the first deals with data assignment (e.g., assigning columns, values, and rows), and the second, which is critical for our task, controls the aesthetic and functional presentation of the visual itself, including features like titles, borders, backgrounds, and, crucially, the aggregation displays like Totals and Subtotals.

The most current and authoritative method in Power BI Desktop relies exclusively on the Visualizations pane. Specifically, once the visual is selected, you navigate to the **Format your visual** section, typically represented by a paint roller or brush icon. This standardization of the formatting process ensures that users can consistently apply complex style rules across different visual types, making report management significantly more intuitive and scalable. We will utilize this modern approach throughout the subsequent steps to ensure accuracy and reproducibility when eliminating the default summary row.

Setting Up the Scenario: Importing Sample Data for Visualization

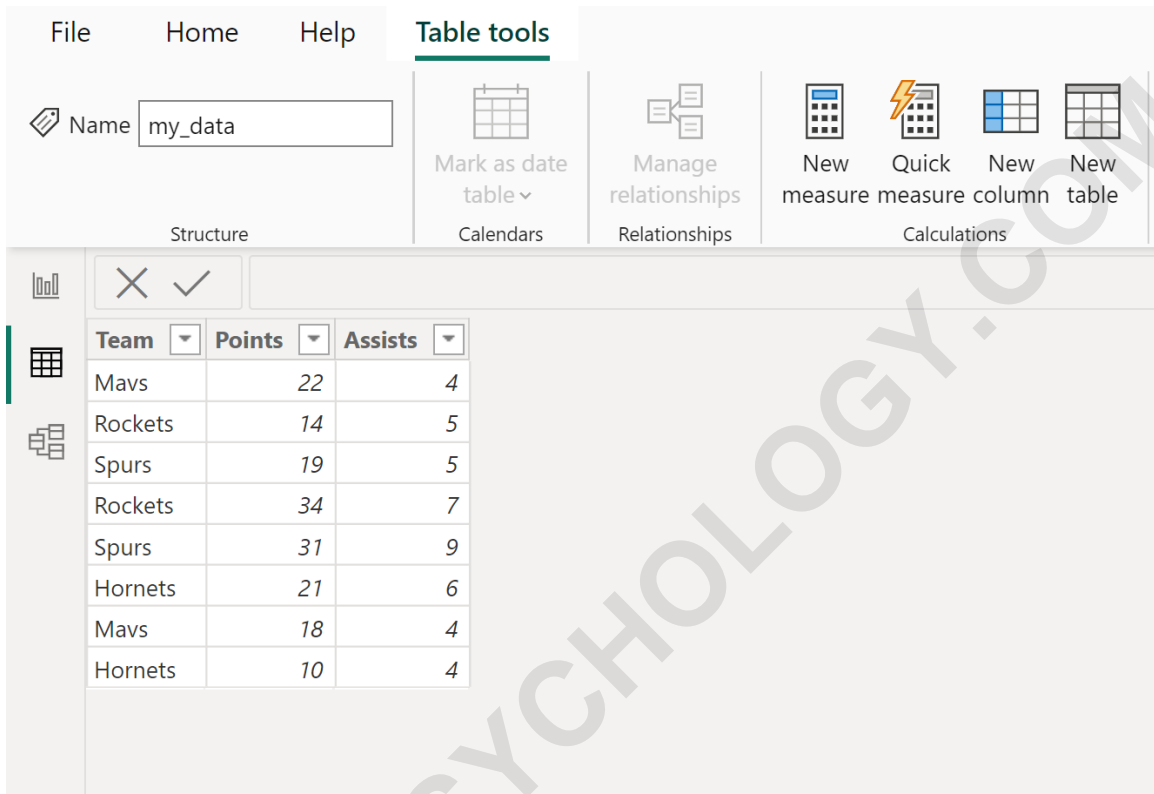
To effectively demonstrate the removal of the Total row, we first need a dataset and a visual that triggers this default feature. Consider a practical scenario involving sports analytics, where we track player performance across various statistical categories. Suppose we have a data table named **my_data** containing performance metrics for various basketball players:

Team	Sum of Points	Sum of Assists
Hornets	31	10
Mavs	40	8
Rockets	48	12
Spurs	50	14
Total	169	44

The structure of our sample data provides context for the numerical aggregation that Power BI will automatically apply. The dataset includes essential categorical and numerical fields necessary for

detailed analysis and reporting. The critical fields involved in our visualization setup will be the categorical dimension, **Team**, and the two numerical measures, **Points** and **Assists**.

The complete dataset, **my_data**, illustrating the raw performance metrics for each player, appears as follows:



The screenshot shows the Power BI interface with the 'Table tools' ribbon active. The table name is 'my_data'. The ribbon includes options for 'Mark as date table', 'Manage relationships', and 'Calculations' (New measure, Quick measure, New column, New table). Below the ribbon, a table visual is displayed with the following data:

Team	Points	Assists
Mavs	22	4
Rockets	14	5
Spurs	19	5
Rockets	34	7
Spurs	31	9
Hornets	21	6
Mavs	18	4
Hornets	10	4

When these numerical fields are placed into a table visual, Power BI defaults to summarizing them, resulting in the calculation of the grand total for all rows displayed. Our goal is to maintain the detailed breakdown by Team while simultaneously suppressing the cumulative summary at the bottom, thereby presenting a cleaner and more focused view of the underlying data distribution. This requirement necessitates moving from the data preparation phase to the visualization phase by clicking the **Report view** icon on the left side of the screen.

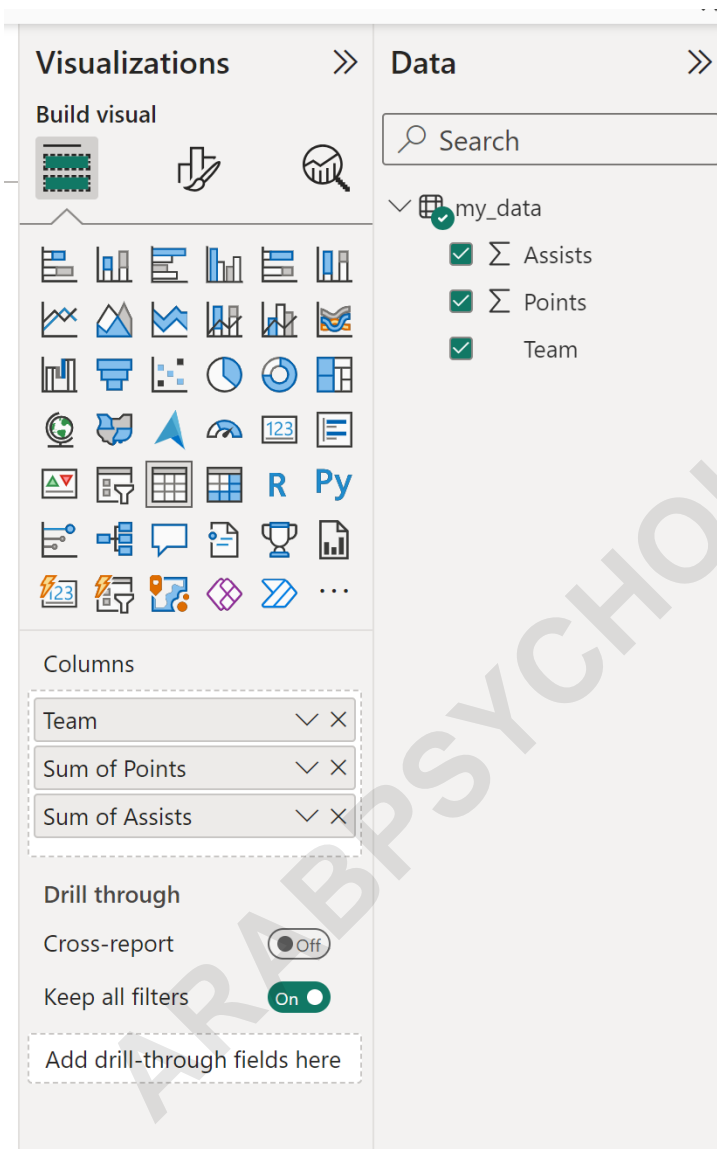
Creating the Table Visual: Initial Display and Default Totals

Once the development environment is set to the Report View, the creation of the table visual is initiated by accessing the Visualizations pane. Within this pane, select the dedicated icon labeled **Table**. Clicking this icon places a blank table placeholder onto the report canvas, ready to be populated with fields from our **my_data** table.

The next crucial action involves dragging the necessary fields into the appropriate field well. We

drag the **Team**, **Points**, and **Assists** fields, placing them all under the **Columns** label within the Visualizations pane. This action instructs Power BI to categorize the numerical data by the dimensional field (Team) and display the aggregated sums of Points and Assists for each category.

The field configuration, showing the placement of the variables into the visual structure, is crucial for generating the default table:



Upon successful configuration, the table visual renders on the canvas, displaying the aggregate metrics per Team. Critically, Power BI automatically includes a final row at the very bottom, labeled "Total," which calculates the grand sum of the numerical fields across all teams displayed. This default display is what we now intend to remove:

Team	Sum of Points	Sum of Assists
Hornets	31	10
Mavs	40	8
Rockets	48	12
Spurs	50	14
Total	169	44

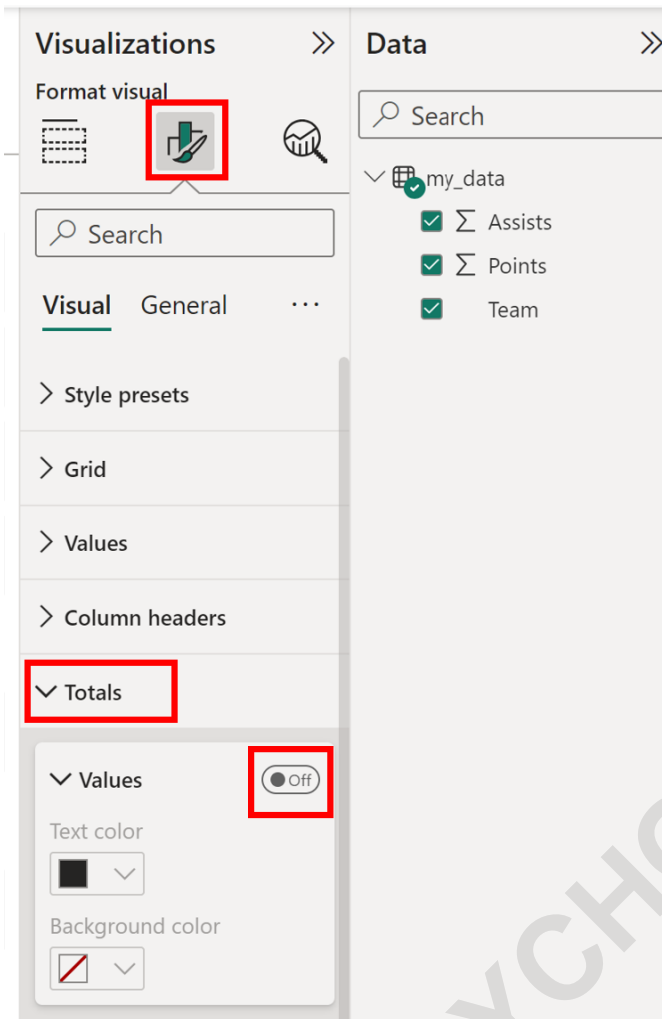
The Primary Method: Removing Totals via the Format Pane

The definitive method for removing the Total row involves interacting directly with the visual's formatting properties. This process is highly localized, meaning the adjustment applies only to the currently selected table visual. First, ensure the target table is selected on the report canvas. Next, locate the Visualizations pane on the right-hand side. We must click the **Format your visual** tab (the paint roller/brush icon) to switch from data assignment to appearance customization.

Within the extensive list of formatting categories, scroll down until you locate and expand the section specifically dedicated to **Totals**. This subsection contains controls that dictate the display properties of the aggregate summary row, including font controls, label text, and, most importantly, the visibility toggle.

To successfully remove the Total row, the developer simply needs to locate the main toggle switch labeled **Values** (or sometimes simply 'Totals') and set it to **Off**. This action immediately suppresses the display of the grand total calculations and removes the corresponding row from the bottom of the table visual, achieving the desired clean look.

The workflow for this step is visually confirmed by navigating the formatting options as depicted: selecting the format tab, expanding the Totals section, and disabling the core aggregation values switch. This single toggle action governs the visibility of the aggregate results for all numerical columns within that specific table visual:



Once the toggle is set to **Off**, the table automatically updates, resulting in a display that includes only the granular, row-level data without the presence of the cumulative summary row. This transformation provides the focused view required for detailed analysis, successfully eliminating the default summary:

Team	Sum of Points	Sum of Assists
Hornets	31	10
Mavs	40	8
Rockets	48	12
Spurs	50	14

Alternative Configuration: Addressing Subtotals and Matrix Visuals

While the standard table visual is controlled by a single "Totals" switch, the configuration becomes slightly more nuanced when working with a Matrix visual. The Matrix visual is designed to handle multi-level hierarchies across both rows and columns, requiring separate controls for different aggregation levels--namely, Row Subtotals and Column Subtotals.

If the goal is to remove the grand total from a Matrix visual, the developer must still navigate to the **Format your visual** tab. However, instead of only looking for the general "Totals" section, they must specifically locate and expand the **Row subtotals** section and the **Column subtotals** section. The grand total in a matrix is typically controlled by settings found within these subtotal sections, often controlled by a master toggle for displaying overall aggregation summaries.

In the context of a matrix, disabling the main toggle within the **Row subtotals** section effectively removes the grand total row that appears at the bottom of the matrix, analogous to the standard table's total row. This approach ensures that aggregated values, whether they are grand totals or intermediate subtotals based on row grouping, are selectively displayed according to the report's design specifications. Understanding this distinction is vital for maintaining report consistency when switching between table and matrix presentations.

Conclusion: Enhancing Data Presentation and Report Clarity

The ability to quickly and accurately modify the default aggregation behavior of visuals is a cornerstone of effective Power BI report design. While the Total row serves a valuable purpose in many contexts, its removal is often a necessary step in aligning the visual presentation with sophisticated analytical requirements, especially where aggregate sums are calculated elsewhere or are statistically meaningless. By utilizing the streamlined formatting options available in the Visualizations pane, developers maintain complete control over the visual output.

Mastering this specific technique--navigating to the 'Format your visual' tab, locating the **Totals** section, and toggling the **Values** switch to Off--ensures that the final report maintains maximal clarity and professionalism. The resulting table is free from visual redundancy, allowing report consumers to focus immediately on the row-level details and trends, thereby enhancing the overall data narrative and accelerating decision-making processes based on accurate and well-presented information.

Related Power BI Tutorials

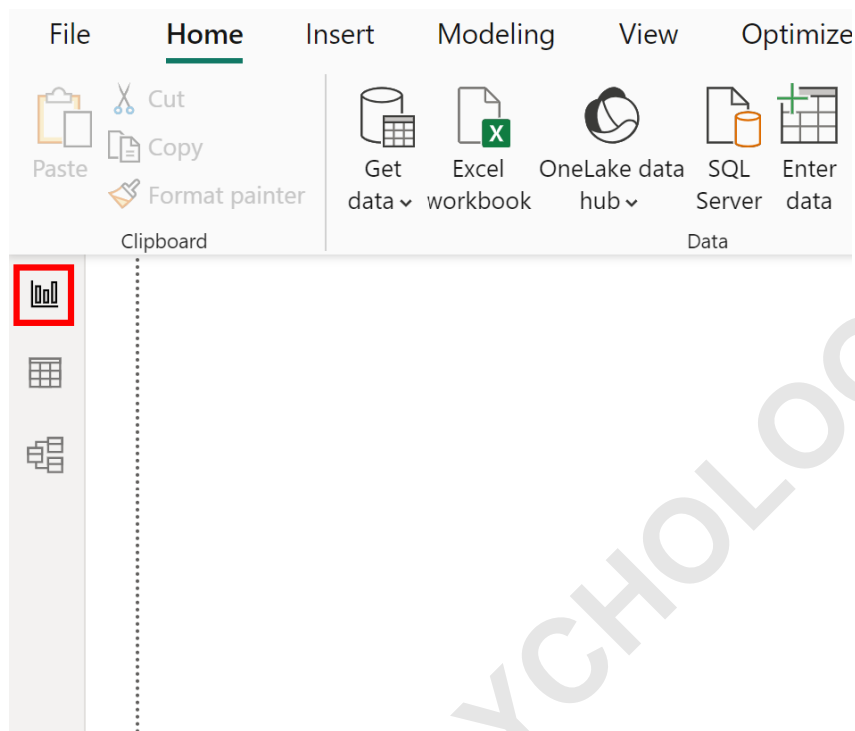
For continued excellence in report development, explore related tutorials that cover advanced tasks commonly encountered in the Power BI environment:

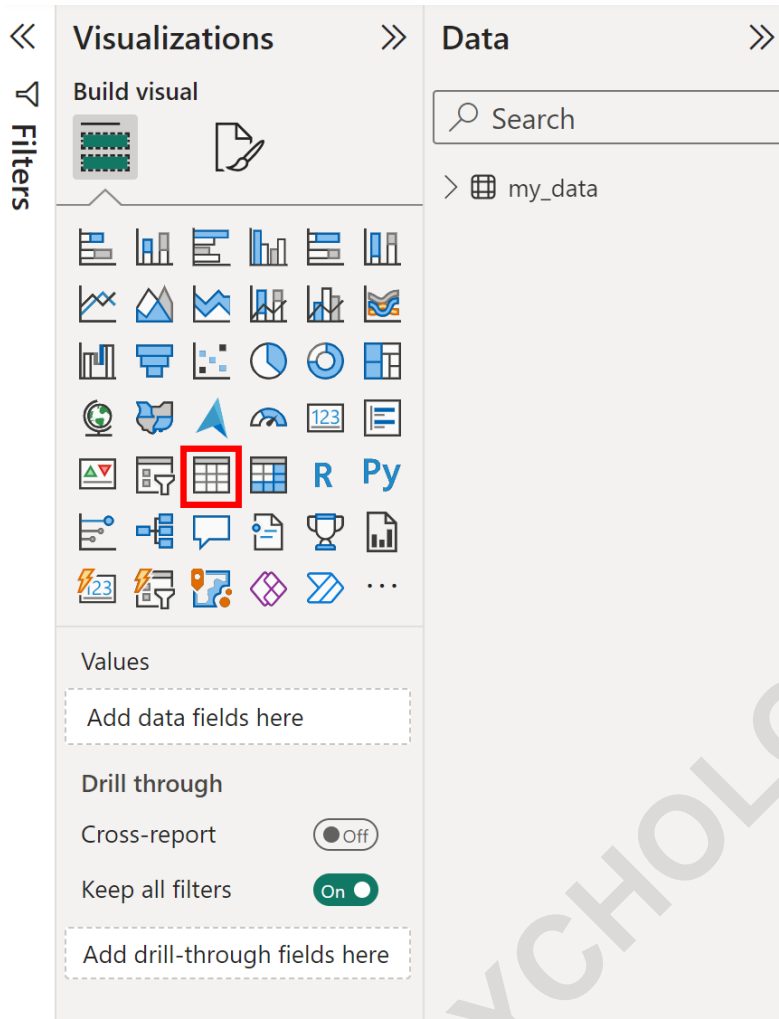
How to create calculated columns and measures using DAX.

Advanced techniques for conditional formatting in tables and matrices.

Understanding and managing the interactions between report visuals.

These skills collectively contribute to the development of powerful, insightful, and aesthetically polished business intelligence reports.





ARABPSYCHOLOGY.COM