

How can I plot a line of best fit in R, and what are some examples of how to do so?

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To plot a line of best fit in R, you can use the "lm" function to create a linear regression model and then use the "abline" function to add the line to your plot. This will show the overall trend of the data and help identify any potential patterns or relationships.

Some examples of how to do this would be:

1. Suppose you have a dataset with two variables, "x" and "y". To plot a line of best fit for these variables, you can use the following code:

```
lm_model
```

Plot Line of Best Fit in R (With Examples)

You can use one of the following methods to plot a line of best fit in R:

Method 1: Plot Line of Best Fit in Base R

```
#create scatter plot of x vs. y
```

```
plot(x, y)
```

```
#add line of best fit to scatter plot
```

```
abline(lm(y ~ x))
```

Method 2: Plot Line of Best Fit in ggplot2

```
library(ggplot2)
```

```
#create scatter plot with line of best fit
```

```
ggplot(df, aes(x=x, y=y)) +
```

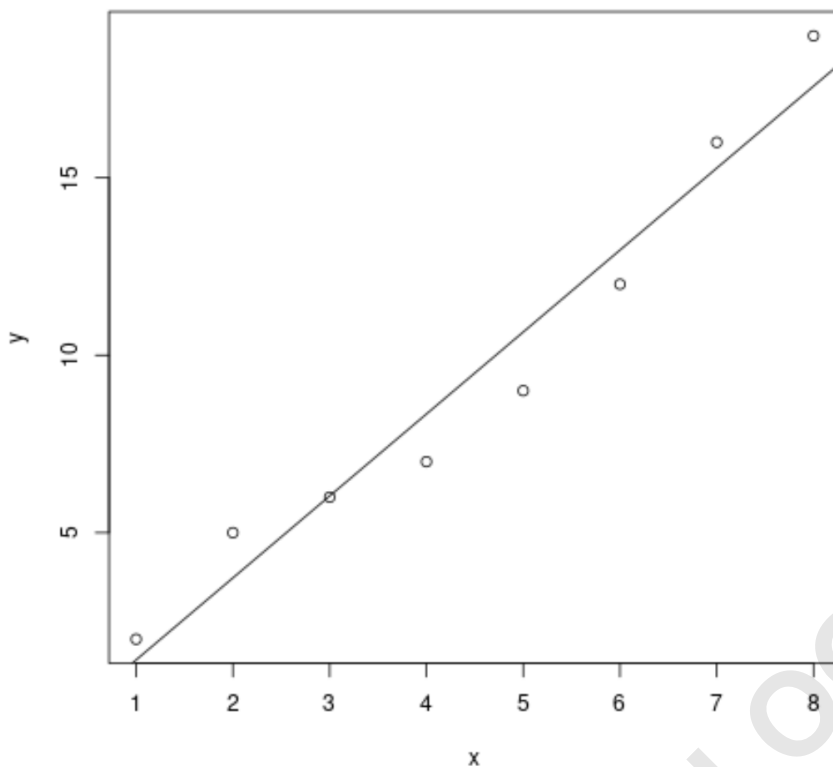
**geom_point() +
geom_smooth(method=lm, se=FALSE)**

The following examples show how to use each method in practice.

Example 1: Plot Line of Best Fit in Base R

The following code shows how to plot a line of best fit for a simple linear regression model using base R:

```
#define data  
x <- c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)  
y <- c(2, 5, 6, 7, 9, 12, 16, 19)  
  
#create scatter plot of x vs. y  
plot(x, y)  
  
#add line of best fit to scatter plot  
abline(lm(y ~ x))
```



Feel free to modify the style of the points and the line as well:

```
#define data
```

```
x <- c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)
```

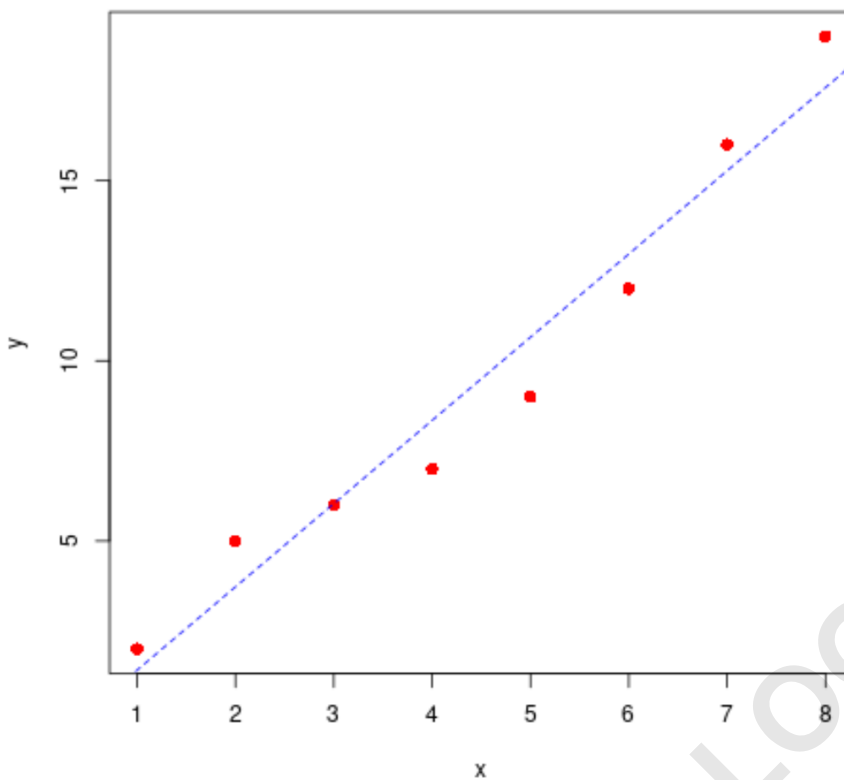
```
y <- c(2, 5, 6, 7, 9, 12, 16, 19)
```

```
#create scatter plot of x vs. y
```

```
plot(x, y, pch=16, col='red', cex=1.2)
```

```
#add line of best fit to scatter plot
```

```
abline(lm(y ~ x), col='blue' , lty='dashed')
```



We can also use the following code to quickly calculate the line of best fit:

```
#find regression model coefficients  
summary(lm(y ~ x))$coefficients
```

Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)

```
(Intercept) -0.8928571 1.0047365 -0.888648 4.084029e-01  
x 2.3095238 0.1989675 11.607544 2.461303e-05
```

The line of best fit turns out to be: $y = -0.89 + 2.31x$.

Example 2: Plot Line of Best Fit in ggplot2

```
library(ggplot2)
```

```
#define data
```

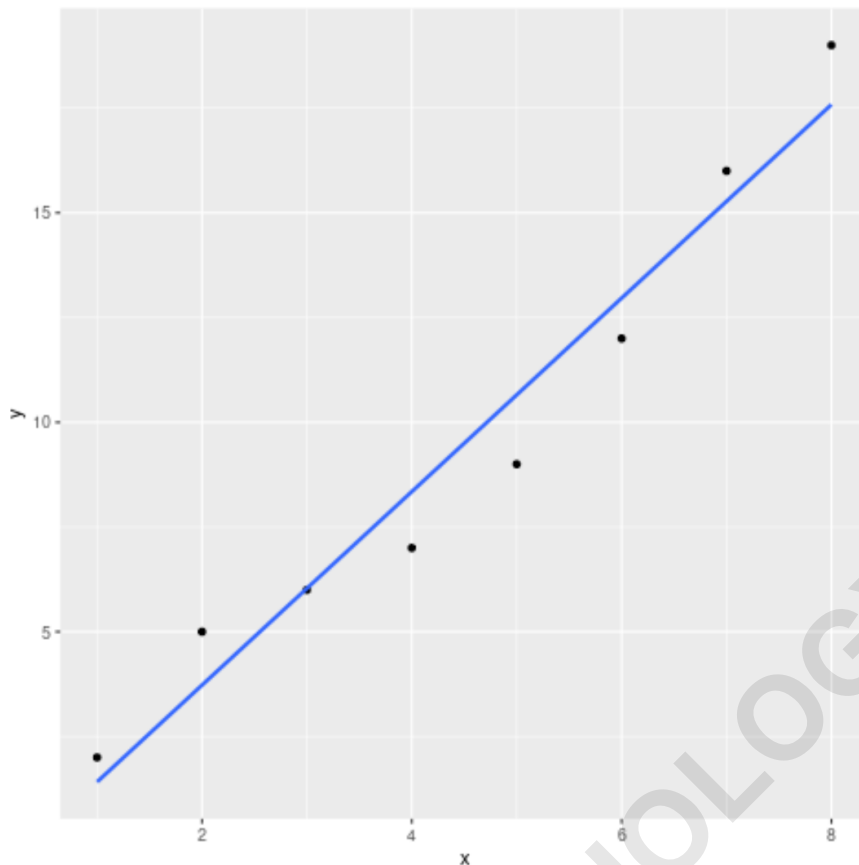
```
df <- data.frame(x=c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8), y=c(2, 5, 6, 7, 9,  
12, 16, 19))
```

```
#create scatter plot with line of best fit
```

```
ggplot(df, aes(x=x, y=y)) +
```

```
geom_point() +
```

```
geom_smooth(method=lm, se=FALSE)
```



Feel free to modify the aesthetics of the plot as well:

```
library(ggplot2)
```

```
#define data
```

```
df <- data.frame(x=c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8), y=c(2, 5, 6, 7, 9,  
12, 16, 19))
```

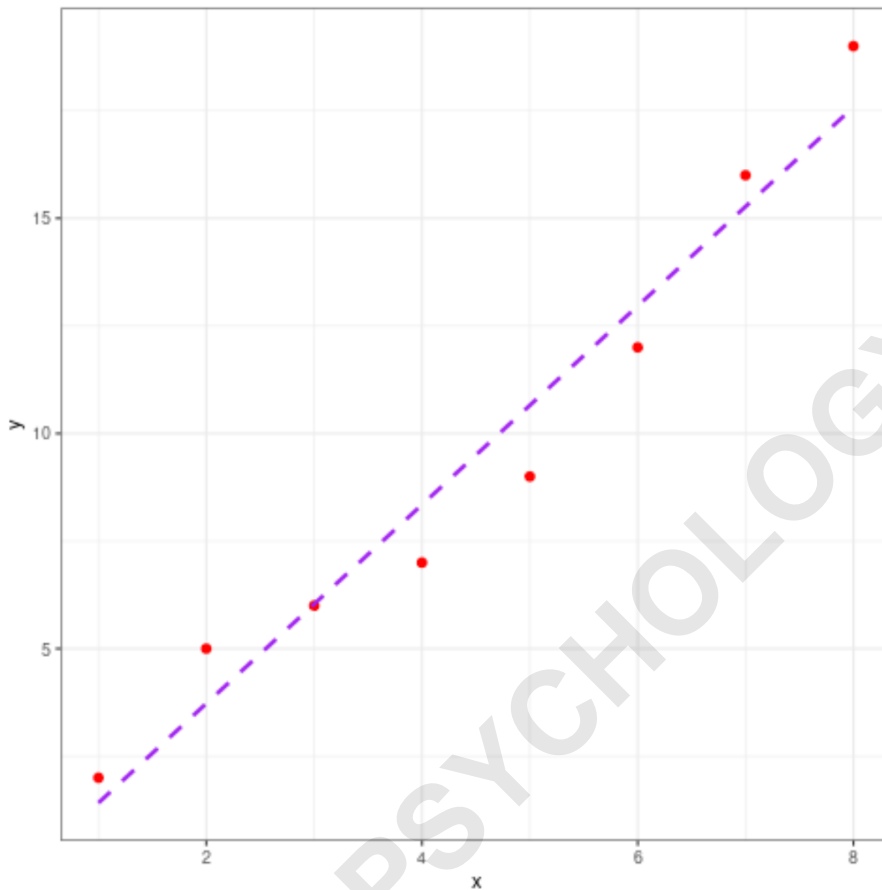
```
#create scatter plot with line of best fit
```

```
ggplot(df, aes(x=x, y=y)) +
```

```
geom_point(col='red', size=2) +
```

```
geom_smooth(method=lm, se=FALSE, col='purple',
```

**linetype='dashed') +
theme_bw()**



Additional Resources