

# How can I perform a Sobel test on a single mediation effect in SPSS?

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## RECOMMENDED CITATION

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The Sobel test is a statistical method used to determine the significance of a mediation effect in a single mediation model. In order to perform a Sobel test in SPSS, the following steps can be followed:

1. Build a single mediation model in SPSS using the PROCESS macro.
2. Obtain the indirect effect estimate and its standard error from the model.
3. Use these values to calculate the Sobel statistic.
4. Determine the p-value for the Sobel test using a standard normal distribution table or an online calculator.
5. Interpret the results to determine the significance of the mediation effect. Overall, the Sobel test in SPSS is a useful tool for assessing the strength and significance of a single mediation effect in a research study.

## **How can I perform a Sobel test on a single mediation effect in SPSS? | SPSS FAQ**

**This page uses code provided by William Dudley PhD and Jose Benezillo MA, University of Utah College of Nursing, 2/11/04. It estimates the percentage of the total effect that is mediated and the ratio of the indirect to the direct effect by using the Sobel test. It is for the simplest model in which there is only one mediator, one independent variable and one outcome variable, all of which are continuous variables.**

**We thank the authors of this program for very kindly sharing it with us and for allowing us to post it on our**

site. You can download a word document explaining their program here.

All of the code on this page can be found in this SPSS syntax file.

We use this example SPSS data file for running their program.

To begin, we indicate which of our variables are the dependent, independent, and mediator variables. We then run three regression models representing the paths of interest for the Sobel test. From each regression, we create and save a dataset. We will only show the output generated by the Report sections of code.

**NOTE:** When using this code, you can use the first three lines to indicate which of your variables play which role in the model and then run the rest of the code without making any more changes. We have

included all of the code in this page to illustrate the steps in the program. But you can certainly just download the syntax, change the first three lines, and be ready to run all the analysis code!

```
compute indepvar = Pain . /*your IV*/  
compute depenvar = Depress. /*your DV*/  
compute mediator = Function. /*you MEDIATOR*/  
exe.
```

```
REGRESSION  
/MISSING LISTWISE  
/STATISTICS COEFF OUTS R ANOVA  
/CRITERIA=PIN(.05) POUT(.10)  
/NOORIGIN  
/DEPENDENT mediator  
/METHOD=ENTER indepvar  
/OUTFILE=COVB('reg1.sav').
```

```
REGRESSION  
/MISSING LISTWISE  
/STATISTICS COEFF OUTS R ANOVA  
/CRITERIA=PIN(.05) POUT(.10)
```

```
/NOORIGIN  
/DEPENDENT depenvar  
/METHOD=ENTER indepvar mediator  
/OUTFILE=COVB('reg2.sav').
```

```
REGRESSION  
/MISSING LISTWISE  
/STATISTICS COEFF OUTS R ANOVA  
/CRITERIA=PIN(.05) POUT(.10)  
/NOORIGIN  
/DEPENDENT depenvar  
/METHOD=ENTER indepvar  
/OUTFILE=COVB('reg3.sav').
```

Next, these three regression datasets are combined after indicating which is which. A subset of observations are kept corresponding to estimates, standard errors, degrees of freedom, and p-values

```
get file='reg1.sav'.  
compute reg=1.  
exe.  
SAVE OUTFILE='reg1.sav'
```

**/COMPRESSED.**

**get file='reg2.sav'.**

**compute reg=2.**

**exe.**

**SAVE OUTFILE='reg2.sav'**

**/COMPRESSED.**

**get file='reg3.sav'.**

**compute reg=3.**

**exe.**

**SAVE OUTFILE='reg3.sav'**

**/COMPRESSED.**

**add files file=='reg1.sav'**

**/file=='reg2.sav'**

**/file=='reg3.sav'**

**/keep= reg DEPVAR\_ ROWTYPE\_ VARNAME\_ CONST\_**

**indepvar mediator.**

**exe.**

**sel if rowtype\_ = 'EST' or rowtype\_ = 'SE' or rowtype\_ =  
'DFE'**

**or rowtype\_ = 'SIG'.**

**exe.**

**Next, the data is reshaped from wide to long.**

**numeric a.**

**numeric sa.**

**numeric siga.**

**numeric b.**

**numeric sb.**

**numeric sigb.**

**numeric df.**

**numeric t.**

**numeric st.**

**numeric sig.**

**if reg = 1 and rowtype\_ = 'EST' a = indepvar.**

**if reg = 1 and rowtype\_ = 'SE' sa = indepvar.**

**if reg = 1 and rowtype\_ = 'SIG' siga = indepvar.**

**if reg = 2 and rowtype\_ = 'EST' b = mediator.**

**if reg = 2 and rowtype\_ = 'SE' sb = mediator.**

**if reg = 2 and rowtype\_ = 'SIG' sigb = mediator.**

**if reg = 2 and rowtype\_ = 'DFE' df = mediator.**

**if reg = 2 and rowtype\_ = 'EST' tprime = indepvar.**

**if reg = 3 and rowtype\_ = 'EST' t = indepvar.**

**if reg = 3 and rowtype\_ = 'SE' st = indepvar.**

**if reg = 3 and rowtype\_ = 'SIG' sig = indepvar.**

**exe.**

**compute regx=1.**

**exe.**

**aggregate outfile 'sobel.sav'**

**/break regx**

**/a = max(a)**

**/sa=max(sa)**

**/siga=max(siga)**

**/b=max(b)**

**/sb=max(sb)**

**/sigb=max(sigb)**

**/df=max(df)**

**/sig=max(sig)**

**/tprime = max(tprime)**

**/t=max(t)**

**/st=max(st).**

**get file 'sobel.sav'.**

**format a b tprime t (F8.4).**

**compute ab = a\*b.**

**compute ttprime = t-tprime.**

**format ab ttprime (F8.4).**

**exe.**

From these values, our statistics of interest are calculated, formatted, and labeled.

```
compute sobel= ttprime/(sqrt (( (b*b)*(sa*sa) ) + (
(a*a)*(sb*sb) ))).
```

```
compute absobel= abs(sobel).
```

```
compute p_val=2*(1-cdfnorm(absobel)).
```

```
compute t1=(t-(a*b)).
```

```
compute toteff=(a*b/((a*b)+t1)).
```

```
compute ratio=((a*b)/t1).
```

```
compute toteff = 100* toteff.
```

```
compute          goodman          =
ttprime/sqrt(((b*b)*(sa*sa))+((a*a)*(sb*sb))+((sa*sa)*(sb*s
b))).
```

```
compute absgood = abs(goodman).
```

```
compute          goodman2          =
ttprime/sqrt(((b*b)*(sa*sa))+((a*a)*(sb*sb))-
((sa*sa)*(sb*sb))).
```

```
compute absgood2 = abs(goodman2).
```

```
compute p_val2 = 2*(1-cdfnorm(absgood)).
```

```
compute p_val3 = 2*(1-cdfnorm(absgood2)).
```

**exe.**

**format p\_val p\_val2 p\_val3**

**sig siga sigb**

**sobel goodman goodman2**

**toteff ratio st sb sa(F8.6).**

**exe.**

**variable label**

**sig 'P value of c'**

**siga 'P value of a'**

**sigb 'P value of b'**

**a 'Reg coeff for the association between IV and  
MEDIATOR'**

**sa 'Standard error of a'**

**b 'Reg coeff for the association between the MEDIATOR  
and IV on DV'**

**sb 'Standard error of b'**

**df 'Degrees of freedom'**

**t 'Reg coeff for the association between IV and DV'**

**st 'Standard error of c'**

**sobel 'Sobel'**

**p\_val 'P value'**

**goodman 'Goodman test'**

**p\_val2 'P value'**

**goodman2 'Goodmanll test'**

**p\_val3 'P Value'**

**toteff 'Percentage of the total effect that is mediated'**

**ratio 'Ratio of the indirect to the direct effect'.**

**exe.**

**Results are presented with Report.**

**Report**

```

/FORMAT=      CHWRAP(ON)      PREVIEW(OFF)
CHALIGN(BOTTOM) UNDERSCORE(ON)
ONEBREAKCOLUMN(OFF)      CHDSPACE(1)
SUMSPACE(0) AUTOMATIC NOLIST
BRKSPACE(0)
PAGE(1) MISSING'.' LENGTH(1, 59) ALIGN(LEFT)
TSPACE(1) FTSPACE(1)
MARGINS(1,110)
/TITLE=
LEFT 'Regression Analysis Results'
RIGHT 'Page )PAGE'
/VARIABLES
t (VALUES) (RIGHT) (OFFSET(0)) (9)

```

```

st (VALUES) (RIGHT) (OFFSET(0)) (7)
sig (VALUES) (RIGHT) (OFFSET(0)) (7)
a (VALUES) (RIGHT) (OFFSET(0)) (9)
sa (VALUES) (RIGHT) (OFFSET(0)) (7)
siga (VALUES) (RIGHT) (OFFSET(0)) (7)
b (VALUES) (RIGHT) (OFFSET(0)) (9)
sb (VALUES) (RIGHT) (OFFSET(0)) (7)
sigb (VALUES) (RIGHT) (OFFSET(0)) (7)
/BREAK (TOTAL) (SKIP(1)) /SUMMARY
SUM( t) SKIP(1) SUM( st ) SUM( sig ) SUM( a ) SUM( sa )
SUM( siga ) SUM( b ) SUM( sb ) SUM( sigb ) " .
    
```

Regression Analysis Results

Reg coeff for the associati on between IV and DV	Standar d error of c	P value of c	Reg coeff for the associati on between IV and MEDIATOR	Standar d error of a	P value of a	Reg coeff for the associati on between the MEDIATOR and IV on DV	Standar d error of b	P value of b
.1117	.025721	.000026	-.0973	.015686	.000000	-.5227	.128626	.000079

Report

```

/FORMAT= CHWRAP(ON) PREVIEW(OFF)
CHALIGN(BOTTOM) UNDERSCORE(ON)
ONEBREAKCOLUMN(OFF) CHDSPACE(1)
    
```

```
SUMSPACE(0) AUTOMATIC NOLIST
BRKSPACE(0)
PAGE(2) MISSING'.' LENGTH(1, 59) ALIGN(LEFT)
TSPACE(1) FTSPACE(1)
MARGINS(1,100)
/TITLE=
LEFT 'Mediation Analysis Results'
RIGHT 'Page )PAGE'
/VARIABLES
sobel (VALUES) (RIGHT) (OFFSET(0)) (10)
p_val (VALUES) (RIGHT) (OFFSET(0)) (10)
toteff (VALUES) (RIGHT) (OFFSET(0)) (10)
ratio (VALUES) (RIGHT) (OFFSET(0)) (10)
goodman (VALUES) (RIGHT) (OFFSET(0)) (10)
p_val2 (VALUES) (RIGHT) (OFFSET(0)) (10)
goodman2 (VALUES) (RIGHT) (OFFSET(0)) (10)
p_val3 (VALUES) (RIGHT) (OFFSET(0)) (10)
/BREAK (TOTAL) (SKIP(1)) /SUMMARY
SUM( sobel) SKIP(1) SUM( p_val ) SUM( toteff ) SUM(
ratio) SUM( goodman ) SUM( p_val2 ) SUM( goodman2 )
SUM( p_val3 ) ".
```

Mediation Analysis Results

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Sobel	P value	Percentage of the total effect that is mediated	Ratio of the indirect to the direct effect	Goodman test	P value	GoodmanII test	P Value
3.399121	.000676	45.524883	.835701	3.368622	.000755	3.430464	.000603

## Report

```

/FORMAT=      CHWRAP(ON)  PREVIEW(OFF)
CHALIGN(BOTTOM) UNDERSCORE(ON)
ONEBREAKCOLUMN(OFF)      CHDSPACE(1)
SUMSPACE(0) AUTOMATIC NOLIST
BRKSPACE(0)
PAGE(3) MISSING'.' LENGTH(1, 59) ALIGN(LEFT)
TSPACE(1) FTSPACE(1)
MARGINS(1,45)
/TITLE=
LEFT 'Percent Mediated'
RIGHT 'Page )PAGE'
/VARIABLES
toteff (VALUES) (RIGHT) (OFFSET(0)) (10)
ratio (VALUES) (RIGHT) (OFFSET(0)) (10)
/BREAK (TOTAL) (SKIP(1)) /SUMMARY

```

## SUM( totreff ) SKIP(1) SUM( ratio) "

Percent Mediated

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Percentage of the total effect that is mediated	Ratio of the indirect to the direct effect
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45.524883

---

.835701

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