How can I order the bars in a countplot generated by Seaborn based on count values?

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Countplot is a visualization tool provided by Seaborn library to represent the count of categorical data. In order to order the bars in a countplot based on count values, one can use the "order" parameter in the countplot function. This parameter takes in a list of categories and arranges the bars in the specified order. Alternatively, one can also use the "hue" parameter to group the data by a certain category and then use the "order" parameter to order the bars within each group. This allows for a more organized and informative representation of the count data in the countplot.

Seaborn countplot: Order Bars by Count

You can use the following basic syntax to order the bars in a seaborn countplot in descending order:

sns.countplot(data=df, x='var', order=df.value_counts().index)

To order the bars in ascending order, simply add ascending=True in the value_counts() function:

sns.countplot(data=df, x='var', order=df.value_counts(ascending=True).index)

The following examples show how to use this syntax in practice with the following pandas DataFrame:

import pandas as pd

#create DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame({'team': ,

'points': })

#view DataFrame
print(df)

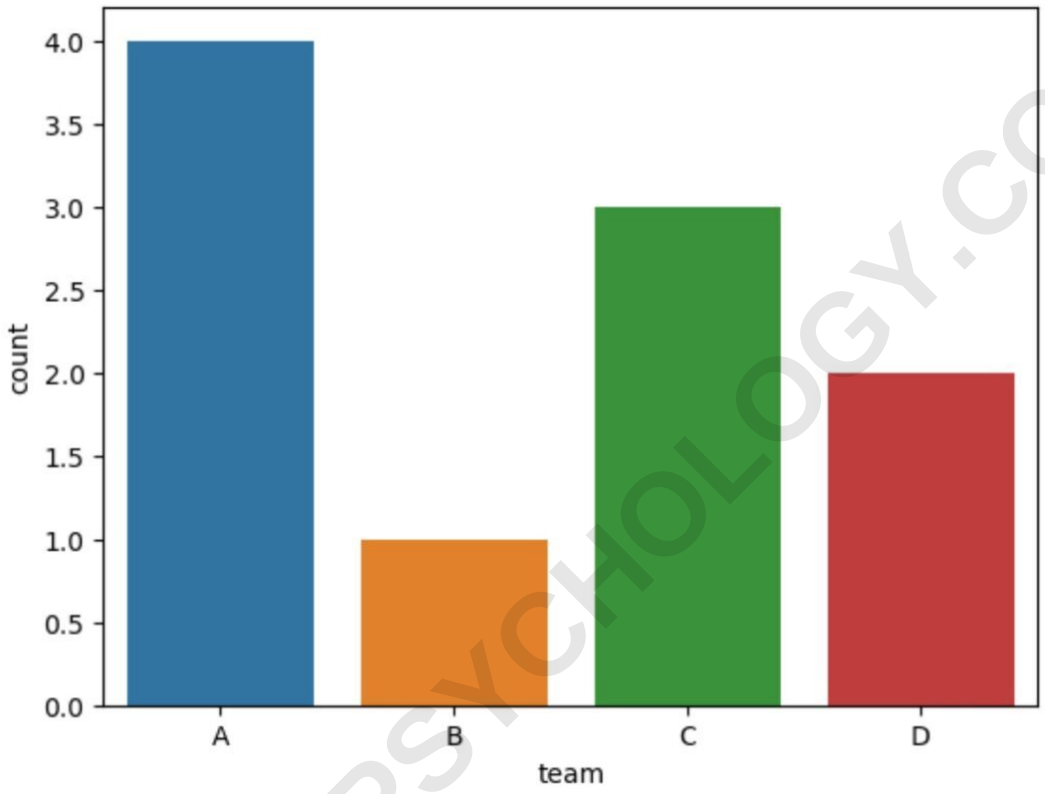
team points
0 A 12
1 A 11
2 A 18
3 A 15
4 B 14
5 C 20
6 C 25
7 C 24
8 D 32
9 D 30

Example 1: Create Seaborn countplot with Bars in Default Order

The following code shows how to create a seaborn countplot in which the bars are in the default order (i.e. the order in which the unique values appear in the column):

import seaborn as sns

#create countplot to visualize occurrences of unique values in 'team' column
sns.countplot(data=df, x='team')



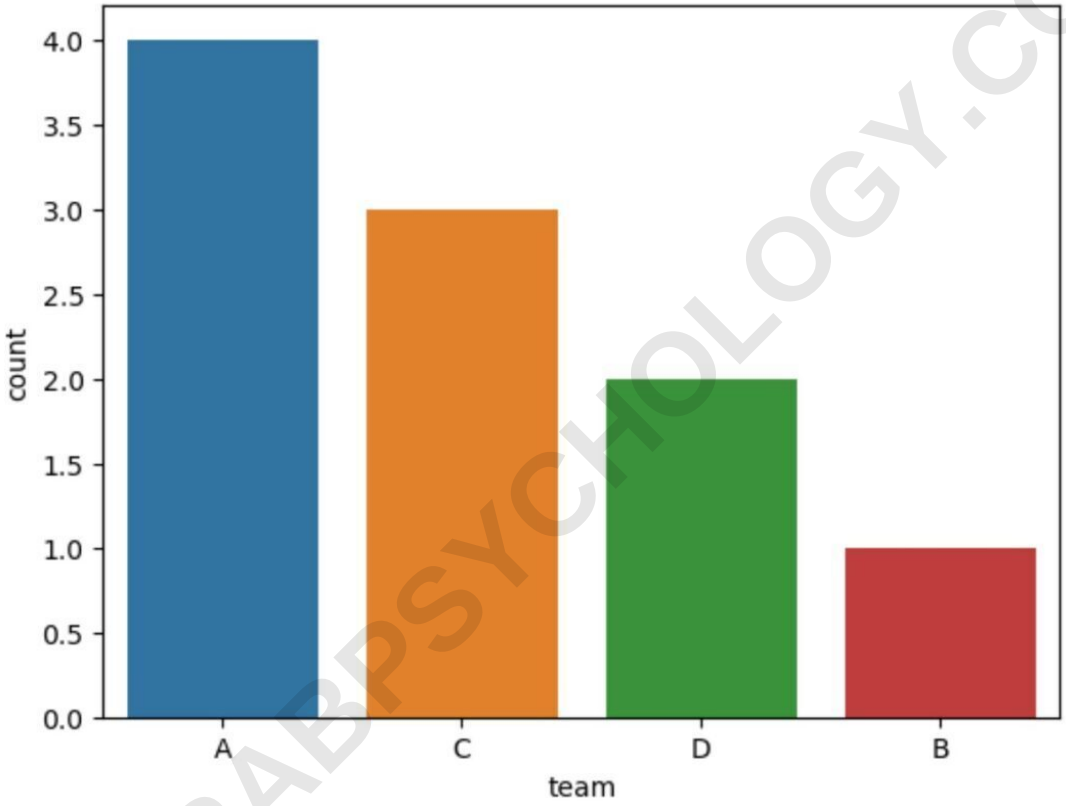
Notice that the bars in the plot are simply ordered based on the order in which the unique values appear in the team column.

Example 2: Create Seaborn countplot with Bars in Descending Order

The following code shows how to create a seaborn countplot in which the bars are in descending order:

```
import seaborn as sns

#create countplot with values in descending order
sns.countplot(data=df, x='team',
order=df.value_counts().index)
```

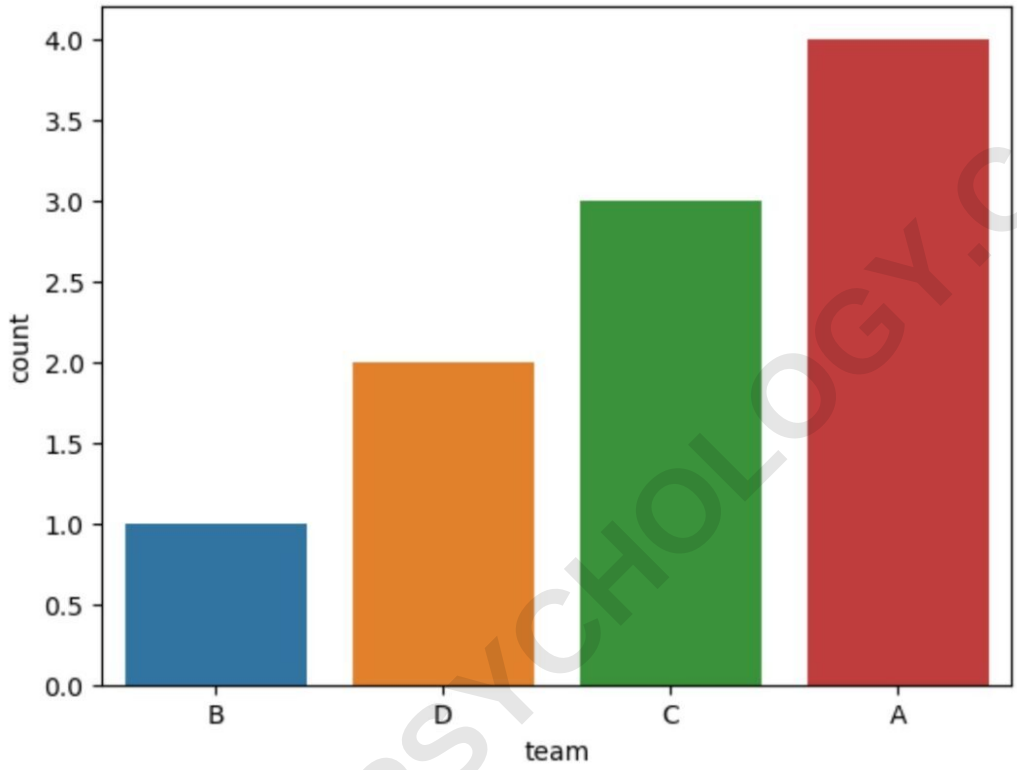


Notice that the bars in the plot are now in descending order.

Example 3: Create Seaborn countplot with Bars in Ascending Order

```
import seaborn as sns
```

```
#create countplot with values in ascending order
sns.countplot(data=df, x='team',
order=df.value_counts(ascending=True).index)
```



Notice that the bars in the plot are now in ascending order.

Note: You can find the complete documentation for the seaborn countplot() function .

The following tutorials explain how to perform other common functions in seaborn: