

How can I convert a boolean datatype to a string in a Pandas DataFrame?

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Converting a boolean datatype to a string in a Pandas DataFrame can be achieved by using the `.astype()` method. This method allows for the conversion of data types within a DataFrame, including boolean values. By specifying "str" as the parameter for the `.astype()` method, the boolean values will be converted to string values. This transformation can be useful for data analysis and manipulation purposes, as it allows for easier comparison and manipulation of boolean values within the DataFrame.

Convert Boolean to String in Pandas DataFrame

You can use the following basic syntax to convert a Boolean column to a string column in a pandas DataFrame:

```
df = df.replace({True: 'True', False: 'False'})
```

This particular example replaces each True value with the string 'True' and each False value with the string 'False' in the column called `my_bool_column`.

The following example shows how to use this syntax in practice.

Example: Convert Boolean to String in Pandas

Suppose we have the following pandas DataFrame:

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
#create DataFrame
```

```
df = pd.DataFrame({'team': ,  
'points': ,  
'all_star': ,  
'starter': })
```

```
#view DataFrame
```

```
print(df)
```

```
team points all_star starter
```

```
0 A 18 True False
```

```
1 B 20 False True
```

```
2 C 25 True True
```

```
3 D 40 True True
```

```
4 E 34 True False
```

```
5 F 32 False False
```

```
6 G 19 False False
```

We can use the dtypes function to check the data type of each column in the DataFrame:

```
#view data type of each column
```

```
print(df.dtypes)
```

```
team object
```

```
points int64
```

```
all_star bool
starter bool
dtype: object
```

From the output we can see that the `all_star` and `starter` columns are both Booleans.

We can use the following syntax to convert the `all_star` column to a string column:

```
#convert Boolean values in all_star column to strings
df = df.replace({True: 'True', False: 'False'})
```

```
#view updated DataFrame
print(df)
```

```
team points all_star starter
0 A 18 True False
1 B 20 False True
2 C 25 True True
3 D 40 True True
4 E 34 True False
5 F 32 False False
6 G 19 False False
```

```
#view updated data types of each column  
print(df.dtypes)
```

```
team object  
points int64  
all_star object  
starter bool  
dtype: object
```

From the output we can see that the `all_star` column has been converted to a string column.

To convert the `all_star` and `starter` columns both from Boolean to strings, we can use the following syntax:

```
#convert Boolean values in all_star and starter columns  
to strings  
df] = df].replace({True: 'True', False: 'False'})
```

```
#view updated DataFrame  
print(df)
```

```
team points all_star starter  
0 A 18 True False  
1 B 20 False True
```

2 C 25 True True

3 D 40 True True

4 E 34 True False

5 F 32 False False

6 G 19 False False

```
#view updated data types of each column  
print(df.dtypes)
```

```
team object
```

```
points int64
```

```
all_star object
```

```
starter object
```

```
dtype: object
```

From the output we can see that both Boolean columns have been converted to strings.

Note: You can find the complete documentation for the pandas `replace()` function .

The following tutorials explain how to perform other common tasks in pandas: